WIGWAM AND KINGS ARE OUT

TALK OVER HERE OF SHELVING COLER ALTOGETHER.

Bitter Words Are Creeding the East River -McLanghlin Men Still Threaten to Take Trouble Into the City Convention-Murphy Sticks to McClellan.

The Tammany Hall people said last night that they would go right on to nominate their ticket in the Democratic City Convention on Oct. 1 without further bother about the Kings county Democrats. One of the leading Tammany men said:

"We are becoming a little tired of our Kings county brethren's pleading, begging and threatening, and we do not believe that they are in a position to say unkind things just because we will not again nominate what they call an independent Democratic candidate for Mayor in order to help them along with their borough and county tickets. We did this in 1901, and Edward M. Shepard, their prize independent, was beaten out of sight in Kings county. Neither will we, from the present outlook, accept Bird S. Coler of Kings on the ticket as Comptroller. If Mr. McLaughlin and his friends desire the nomination of Julian D. Fairchild for Comptroller, all well and

"A good deal of criticism has been heaped on Richard Croker," continued this Tam-many leader of rank, "and more or less adverse comment has been fired off at Charles F. Murphy, the present leader of Tammany, and it strikes us that Mr. McLaughlin and his friends should not have indulged in this sort of criticism. Mr. McLaughlin has been the leader of the Kings county Democrats for forty years, is worth, we understand, nearly \$2,000,000, and James Shevlin, his chief lieutenant, is worth \$1,000,000. "As a matter of fact, the Kings county

Democratic machine is almost a shell, and we are getting a little tired of bluff. Mr. McLaughlin, we are convinced, takes himself altogether too seriously in tacitly permitting the savage criticisms of Tammany and the New York Democrats by his organ, the Brooklyn Citizen. We haven't a doubt that Mr. McLaughlin and Mr. Shevlin desire Democratic success in the city of New York, but we do not believe that it is necessary for them to jump on George B. McClellan and say he is a weak candidate and all that sort of business, and to let slide inferences that he is Croker's candidate and Murphy's candidate, when Mr. McLaughlin and Mr. Shevlin and those people have had no visible means of support for many years except the Democratic politics of Kings county.

"As for George B. McClellan," continued the speaker, who was quite in earnest, "there isn't a stain on his character of any fashion, and if we nominate him for Mayor he is to make speeches in German, French and Italian, as well as in his own tongue. Young McClellan deserves great credit for his hard work to fit himself for public life within the last six or seven years. In this matter Mr. McClellan is far ahead of Mayor Low, who was president of Columbia College and who has been interested in tional matters for many years. If Mr. McClellan is nominated for Mayor and elected, he will be able to speak to the delegations that call upon him at the City Hall in their mother tongues, and rot, as Mayor Low was a short time ago, at the Rochambeau ceremonies, be compelled to call in interpreters

Bird S. Coler came to town yesterday and vas at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night for a few moments, but he had nothing to say for publication. It was understood that he is to have another chat with Mr. McLaughlin to-day.

The Kings county Democrats threaten all sorts of things. It was even declared last night that they would go into the city convention and refuse to vote for George B. McClellan and that they may go further the considered the considered the considered that they may go further the considered the considered that they have considered the considered that the considered ther, but talk of this kind was considered bluff, for the reason that Mr. McLaughlin has always been known as an organiza-tion man and has always bowed to the will of the majority in local, State and national conventions. That there is bad feeling between Tammany and the Kings county Democrats there isn't the slightest shadow of a doubt, but it is the same old game, it was declared by conservative politicians, that is: "Hugh McLaughlin is bess of the Kings

county machine, and Murphy is boss of the New York county machine, and the Tam-many county machine will have the most delegates in the city convention, and if Mr. Murphy persists in his present attitude to nominate George B. McClellan for Mayor there is the combination of Kings Rich to nominate George B. McClellan for Mayor there isn't a combination of Kings, Richmond and Queens that would defeat his nomination, or any combination except that which has been hinted at in The Sun occasionally of late—that the Democrats who oppose Mr.* McClellan's nomination may have strength in some of the Tampean may have strength in some of the Tamman districts which will not be developed untithe city convention meets. But this is merely a quarrel of the bosses, Murphy for Tammany and McLaughlin for Kings, and Tammany and McLaughlin for Kings, and many in Tammany Hall believe that Mr. McLaughlin in refusing to support McClellan, when Tammany supported McLaughlin's candidate Shepard in 1901, is a little queer. Another thing, the Democratic machine in Kings county has been going to rack and ruin for a number of years. There has been no bess of the organization for forty years save Mr. McLaughlin, and our dear brethren over the river have got into a rut. Uncle McLaughlin is becoming tiresome, and Mr. Shevlin lin is becoming tiresome, and Mr. Shevlin is beginning to look altogether too wise." Just whether Mr. Murphy will care to insist upon the nomination of Mr. McClellan in view of the hostility of the Kings county Democrats is a problem which may not be solved until the Democratic City Convention with the market.

Some of the Tammany men at the Demo-cratic Club last night went very much further than is printed in this article in their criticisms of Mr. McLaughlin. They re-spected him as a Democrat, they said, but wasn't good sense for him to talk about a bose insisting upon the nomination of any candidate, when he has been utterly rigorous in his bossism of Kings county Democrats for forty years.

If the fight continues to be as fierce as i as yesterday, Mr. Murphy may yield, it is said. Still, it must not be forgotten that Mr. Murphy insists on McClellan.

The Tammany men who talked with Justice Giegerich came away with pleasant words for the Judge, but then they didn't see how Judge Giegerich fitted Hugh McLaughlin's demand for an "independent Democratic candidate for Mayor" who could help along the borough and county tickets in Kings. As a matter of fact, the Tammany men believe that Mr. McLaughlin's opposition to Mr. McClellan

is a personal one.

Mr. McClellan said vesterday that he is to go to Princeton some day soon, not for the purpose of seeing Mr. Cleveland, but to attend a football game.

Francis Burton Harrison Now an Elk Congressman Francis Burton Harrison now an Elk. He was initiated into loca

Only 3 Ways to See New York. EDUCATIONAL Sightseeing. Yacht, Coaches. Automobiles. 1,000 points of interest explained by expert lecturer. Yacht foot of West 22d st., N. R. Coaches and automobiles start from 5th ave. side Flatiron Bidg., 5th ave. and 23d st. Telephone all 4076—18th st.—Adv.

OBJECT TO B. T. WASHINGTON.

The Negro Leader Criticised by the Phili delphia Presbytery. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.-Booker T.

Washington and his methods were criticised at the Philadelphia Presbytery to-day. The question was brought up through the report of the freedman's committee, of which the Rev. J. Calvin Meade is chairman The report gave credit to Washington's influence for the increase of interest in the board. It deplored "the animal trait in the negro, which is so prominent," and continued:

"Yet it is to be questioned whether we should not balance the brutal assault on womanhood with the subtle power of seduction, in which the white man of socia standing is an adept.

"It urged the churches to rise above prejudice and devote all their energies toward dealing with the negro problem and deplored any mob violence. Immediately after the reading Dr. James

. Warden, superintendent of Sabbath Schools and missionary work, arose and

"I seriously question the methods of Booker T. Washington in educating the

"He is giving exaggerated importance to industrial education and subordinating the education of the spiritual and religious influences. Booker T. Washington was in a pulpit in this city recently and throughout his sermon spoke on horseshoeing and carpentering, not once mentioning Christ. I believe that the Presbytery should choose their own leaders for the higher education of the negro.

"I question whether the popularity of Booker T. Washington helps the freedmen. but it does help Washington and the Tuskegee Institute."

Other clergymen spoke in the same vein Mr. Washington being supported by only one minister, Dr. Hughes, who declared it wrong for the Presbytery to antagonize him or his work.

NEW MONEY SYSTEM FOR CHINA. Chairman Hanna of the Commission t Europe Reports Good Results.

Indianapolis, Sept. 21.—Hugh H. Hanna chairman of the commission sent to Europe to discuss a plan for a basis of exchange for countries using silver money, reached home to-day and expressed satisfaction over the result of his mission.

"The general undertaking of the com mission," said Mr. Hanna, "was to obtain stability in the cost of bills of exchange that may be sold to Chinese importers for settlement of their outside purchases.' At present serious fluctuations in the price of silver bullion make it impossible for such importers to reckon the cost of their settle-

"The special duty of the commission while abroad was to present to the Powers interested a plan for a new monetary system for China. The results attained are very gratifying to the commission. Prof. Jenks of Cornell University will be one of the members of the commission who will go to China within thirty days to take up the plan with the representatives of the Imperial Government and important

"As the commission's undertaking has been in response to China's request, it is deemed likely that its Government will look with favor upon the plan proposed If the work is successfully accomplished, it will be the most important economic step now possible in the field of international commerce. A full understanding of its value will cause it to be appreciated by those interested in obtaining markets for the products of American labor. The very great confusion in China by reason of the utter lack of a monetary system is beginning to be seriously felt as an ob-stacle with the outside."

TEST TO COME ON LUCANIA. Marconi Will Try to Talk With Table Head All the Way Over.

GLACE BAY, N. S., Sept. 21.-Since his arrival here on Friday last Signor Marconi has worked almost continuously at the installation of his new inventions in connection with the Table Head wireless

When asked how he was progressing h explained somewhat jubilantly:

"Very well, very well, indeed. I have had no opportunity yet, however, to do any experimental work, but now feel confident the result of these improvements will even exceed my expectation.

"The experimental work will be con ducted from on board the steamship Lucania, on which I shall sail from New York on Oct. 3. The new improvements will on Oct. 3. The new improvements will necessitate some changes, but whether they will eventually do away with the tower system I am not prepared to say. The improvements will be distinctly for the better

in speed and accuracy.

"My new inventions will mean big improvements in the whole system of wireless telegraphy. Upon my arrival in England similar improvements will be installed in the station there, and if my anticipations are realized, as I feel certain they will be, the inauguration of wireless for commercial purposes will follow very hortly afterward.

"My experiments on the Lucania will be conducted with Table Head in particular, carrying on the work until the English coast is reached."

CANAL TREATY DEAD.

The Time Fixed for Exchange of Ratifications Expires To-day. WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.-Dr. Herran

Colombian Chargé d'Affaires, said to-night that he had received nothing for several days from his Government regarding the canal negotiations and that he would make no further communications to the State Department on the subject unless specifically instructed to do so. He appeared to regard the prospect of further negotiations as quite remote, though he did not care to

discuss what might come up hereafter.

To-morrow is the day fixed as the limit of time for the exchange of ratifications of the treaty, and since no action has been taken for the extension of this time, any negotiations that may be entered into be-tween the United States and Colombia will be de novo, and without regard to what has already occurred. Officers of the State Department intimate that it is very unlikely that the President will care to negotiate

that the President will care to negotiate further with the Bogota administration.

From information obtainable at the department, it is believed that the President will not turn at once to negotiations with Nicaragua and Costa Rica, but will take advantage of the few weeks to elapse before the convening of Congress to ascertain the drift of public sentiment. No hint is conveyed that this brief wait is also contemplated with an eye to developments at Panama, but in the meantime, if a crisis should occur on the Isthmus, resulting in a change of government it is admitted that the situation would be greatly clarified. the situation would be greatly clarified.

Cornell University. Best Trains to Ithaca via Lehigh Valley Black Diamond Express, 10.25 A. M.: also 8 P. M. with sleeper. 355 & 1234 B'way.

AID OF IRISH PARTY SOUGHT

IN CARRYING OUT POLICY OF RETALIATION.

A Reman Catholic College in Dublin in Exchange—Chamberlain to Court Help of Labor Unionists by Advocating Creation of Ministry of Labor.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 22 .- It was officially announced from Downing street last evening that there was nothing to report in re gard to the constitution of the Cabinet No further resignations were announced It is stated unofficially that the Duke of

Devonshire has definitely decided to support Premier Balfour's retaliation policy and that a majority of the Unionist free traders are likely to do the same, but specu lation on this subject, like forecasts in regard to new Ministers, has not received any solid confirmation.

The fact that a special messenger left London on Sunday bearing a message from the King to Lord Milner, has somewhat strengthened the belief that the latter is destined to enter the Cabinet.

According to a despatch from Belfast to the Daily Mail, the Government is negotiating with the Irish Nationalists for their support of the retaliation policy. Communications on this subject have been passing for some time and an agreement will probably be reached before the expected general election.

The correspondent asserts that it is highly probable a owid pro our will be given the Irish party in the shape of a Roman Catholic college at Dublin on the lines suggested by the recent Royal Commission University Education, and adds that Mr. Wyndham, Chief Secretary for Ireland, is already drafting a measure providing for it.

It would raise much opposition in Ulster. but the Government will endeavor to neutralize this by giving additional endowments and greater powers to the Protestant colleges of Belfast and Londonderry.

The Nationalists desire some further powers in the direction of home rule as the price of their support. William O'Brien, in a speech at Cork last night, said the future aim of the Nationalists was "Ireland a nation." Both the English parties were broken and a solid Irish party would meet whichever came out on top.

The Daily Chronicle asserts that Mr. Chamberlain, in addition to offering a large reduction of duties on certain commodities to balance the imposition of taxes on others, will try to get the support of the workingmen by courting the support of labor Unionists through advocating the establishment of a Ministry of Labor, which will work in connection with the Foreign Office and the Board of Trade.

It will be the duty of the Minister of Labor to ascertain the conditions under which goods are produced in foreign countries. If they come from places where "sweating" or low wages or long hours prevail, they will be subjected to higher duty.

The St. James's Gazette says that the King has approved the selection by Mr. Baifour of Austen Chamberlain as Chancellor of the Exchequer; the Earl of Selborne as Secretary for the Colonies; Hugh Arnold-Forster as Secretary of State for War, and St. John Brodrick as Secretary for India.

RELIEF FOR COFFEE INDUSTRY. Porto Rico Planters Cable Roosevelt De-

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 21 .- The convention of coffee planters continued its sessions to-day. There was a long discussion on the subject of securing immediate relief for the coffee industry, which is the principal one of the island.

It was said that the present depressed conditions were due to low prices. The delegates desire Congressional legislation in the way of protection. A cablegram was sent to President Roosevelt, expressing

A big collection was taken up for begin ning the work of agitation in favor of protection. The committee on organization will meet on Friday.

BRUTALLY BEAT JEWS.

Anti-Semitic Riot at Zablotoff-Some of the Victims Dying. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

VIENNA, Sept. 21.-A Lemberg newspaper prints details of a recent anti-Semitic riot at Zablotoff, which arose from a malicious report which was started to cover a theft from a Jew.

A mob of peasants plundered the Jewish shops and brutally beat more than forty Jews, some of whom are dying. One Jew was tortured by tearing his flesh with

BUYS KYLEMORE CASTLE. The Duke of Manchester Purchases Another

Irish Estate. Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN LONDON, Sept. 22 .- The Duke of Manchester, who married Miss Zimmerman of Cincinnati, has bought Kylemore Castle, an estate of 13,000 acres in Connemara Ireland, for £63,000. It has often been rumored that Kylemore would be designated as a royal residence. The Duke of Manchester will not abandon his other Irish estate at Tenderagee

ABOUT AS BAD AS KISHINEFF, The Recent Riot Between Jews and Chris tians at Gomel, Russia.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN BERLIN, Sept. 21 .- The Hartungsche Zietung, published at Koenigsberg, has an account of the recent riot between Jews and Christians at Gomel, Russia, which, it is stated, was given by an absolutely trustworthy evewitness. This report represents the occurrences as being almost as bad as those at Kishineff.

POPE HAS RHEUMATISM. Audlences Suspended-His Sister Antonia

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Sept. 22.—A despatch from Rome to the Leader says the Pope is suffering from rheumatism, and the audiences have been suspended. His sister Antonia is critically ill at Venice.

SPEED OF 114 MILES AN HOUR Attained by Electric Cars on German Military Road.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN BERLIN, Sept. 21.-At the trials to-day of the electric cars on the Marienfeld military road a speed of 114 miles an hour was maintained for two miles.

Hemicide the Result of Gompers's and Others' Threats to Unionize the Plant. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 21.-William H. Colins, the non-union employee of the Parry Carriage Manufacturing Company who was assaulted last night by a union hodearrier named Davis, died at the City Hospital today without having regained consciousness. The eyewitnesses say that the trouble began in a discussion of unionism which Collins tried to avoid, and this so incensed Davis that he struck Collins with a cane,

fracturing the skull. The death of Collins caused a great deal of feeling among the Parry employees and they recognized it as an attack upon them and a direct result of the many threats of labor leaders, including Samuel Gompers, to unionize the plant in which they are employed, at any cost. They say nearly every man in the plant has been approached since Gompers was here and has been asked if he would not join a union if one were formed among the Parry employees.

As a rule the employees have replied that they do not want to join a union and these refusals have been followed by threats and in some cases by attacks from the union sympathizers. As soon as the death of Collins was known at the Parry plant subscriptions were made to a fund to employ a lawyer to assist the prosecution.

SWEATBOARD ON FERRYBOAT. Philip Prosper Skins the Race Track Talent and Justifles His Name.

Davis was arrested to-night.

Detectives Cooper and Winters of the East Thirty-fifth street station arrested Philip Prosper, 20 years old, of 14 West 117th street, for running a sweatboard on the Long Island ferryboat Southampton vesterday afternoon.

A report was made at the station last week about the game, which was worked on the ferryboats carrying the racing crowds to and from Long Island City The detectives made trips all day yesterday to land the man.

On the trip to East Thirty-fourth street at 5:30 o'clock last night the sleuths saw the man unroll on the floor of the rear cabin a piece of white oilcloth bearing three spaces, on each of which was printed Under seven, 1 for 1; seven even, 4 for 1 over seven, 1 for 1."

Detective Winters decided to try a quarter on seven even, and Prosper handed him two dice. Winters threw eight and lost. He then inspected the dice. Each one had two fives, three treys and one six, making it impossible to throw seven.

According to persons who have travelled on the ferryboats, Prosper has been making good his game all summer. He had \$3.79 in his pocket when he was arrested, and he told Acting Captain Jones he was glad the day had not been so good as some other

FOUGHT WHILE ABOARD BOATS. Party From the 28th Infantry Has One Killed and Two Wounded.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MANILA, Sept. 21 .- A detachment of the Pwenty-eighth Infantry fought a band of fanatical Moros in the Lake Lanao section of Mindanao. Both sides were aboard boats in the lake. The troops lost one killed and two wounded, the latter including a friendly datto. Three of the fanatics

were killed and several wounded. A band of ladrones captured the police force of a village in the Province of Batangas. The police offered no resistance They were released after their equipmen of nine guns had been confiscated.

BETTER CORN PROSPECTS.

old Weather Didn't Damage the Crop as Much as Was Feared.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 21.-The crop re ports issued by the various Nebraska railroads show a much better condition of the corn crop than was thought to exist. The Burlington report says:

"East of the central part of the State the indications are that the damage will not be nearly so great as was at first believed About one-half the acreage of corn in that section was beyond the point at which it could be damaged. [Eighty per cent. of the corn is raised in that territory.] It is very difficult to reach an estimate of the damage to the other half.

"Of the late corn, which was about half the crop, the damage was considerable in places, but only a small part of the crop in the large corn-raising district that might otherwise have been marketable corn has been seriously damaged."

The Union Pacific report says: "Very little damage was done to corn except in first bottoms. Second bottom corn was scarcely touched and upland not at all. The bottom land corn was the late planted, and very little hope is entertained

of its maturing. "However, almost all will have considerable value for feeding, although not for marketable purposes. The loss to the farmer is, therefore, small."

farmer is, therefore, sman.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—The entire cropgrowing country has been remarkably free from rain during the last forty-eight the western and central dishours. In the western and central tricts seasonable temperature prevails, but in the extreme East cool weather continues. There were a few messages received here to-day from Iowa and Illinois reporting damage to the corn from the reporting damage to the corn from the recent cold weather.

DAVID METZGER FALLS DEAD. Wealthy Merchant Overcome by Heart Disease at a Ferry House.

David Metzger, a wealthy retired provision merchant, fell dead yesterday afternoon at the entrance to the East Thirtyfourth street ferry house, while on the way to his summer home at Far Rockaway Dr. Danforth of Bellevue Hospital said that death was due to heart disease. The body was taken to the Metzger town house, 13 East Seventy-fourth street.

Mr. Metzger was born in Strasburg

Alsace, in 1830, and came to this country in 1852. He retired from active business nine years ago, bit five sons, Leopold, Abraham, Felix, Louis and Nathan are in the provision business in various parts of the city. Three daughters, Mrs. Mathilde Schiff and the Misses Emma and Curren Metzger and his widow survive him. Mr. and Mrs. Metzger were married in the cld Tem-ple Rodoph Sholomin Clinton street in 1853. Their gelden wedding was celebrated with dinner at Delmonico's on May 20 of this

Prison Ship Martyrs' Monument Assured. A draft for \$1,832.10, subscribed by the Empire State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the State socie-American Revolution and the State socie-ties of Massachusetts, New Jersey and Texas, has been sent to Edward Johnson, treasurer of the "Prison Ship Martyrs' Monument Fund." This sum completes the fund.

The only way to see both shores of the Hudson is by Day Line steamers. Good music.—Ade

ASSAULTED PARRY MAN DEAD. TO TREAT WITH KING MENELIK Young Cavalryman Comes From Oklahor

> U. S. CONSUL R. P. SKINNER GOING TO ABYSSINIA.

He Thinks Trade With That Country May Be Increased by a Conference With the King-A Warship Will Land Him, and a Guard Go With Him to Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The report from London that United States Consul-General Robert P. Skinner, at Marseilles, is going to Abyssinia to arrange a commercial treaty with King Menelik was confirmed at the State Department this morning. Mr. Skinner has been planning this trip

for the past two months and has several

times consulted with the officers of the

State Department on the question of trade possibilities in Abyssinia. Mr. Skinner is still in this country on a vacation and is expected to return to Washington and perfect his plans for the trip to Abyssinia before departing for his post at Marseilles. According to information obtained at the State Department, Mr. Skinner is of the opinion that trade with Abvesinia may be improved by a personal conference with

King Menelik and that some kind of friendly relations may be established with the Abyssinian ruler to the advantage of the United The officers of the Navy Department acknowledged this afternoon that there had been correspondence between the State and Navy Departments in regard to State and Navy Departments in regard to furnishing a guard to accompany Consul Skinner to King Menelik's capital in Abyssinia, and that it had also been arranged that Mr. Skinner is to go to Abyssinia on an American naval vessel. The port where it is proposed to land Mr. Skinner is Jubitil, and while no ship has yet been selected for this mission it is considered very probable that the Machias, now at Port Said, will be used

will be used. It is explained that only a small marine guard will accompany Mr. Skinner, and this will probably be taken from either the Brooklyn or San Francisco, now at Beirut, but not unless they can be spared from these vessels. The Navy Department offi-ors insisted that they did not know what Mr. Skinner's mission to Abyssinia is to be and that all that has passed between the Navy Department and the State Department was a letter asking for the use of a warship and a small body of men to

o with the United States Consul American cloth is the standard of value in Abyssinia, according to authorities quoted by Consul-General Skinner in his annual report, published by the State Department in "Commercial Relations," 1902. Consul Covert of Lyons also quotes from the report of the Italian Consul in Abyssinia,

"The population of Abyssinia is about 10,000,000. The products of the country, 10,000,000. The products of the country, exclusive of cereals, are ivory, sibeth or civet, wax, hides, coffee and gold, the latter abounding in the mountains, where the mines are merely scratched. In cotton, North Americans have captured the market against England, France and Germany In spite of the high price of labor and the enormous cost of freight for such a distance, Americans have succeeded in cap-turing the trade by the low prices of their products. Different nations sell these goods, but they are all American made."

BOUND TO PAY A CHURCH DEBT. Women of Kokomo, Ind., Will Peel To-

matoes if Their Husbands Don't Settle. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 21.-Several days go a meeting of the women of the Markland Avenue Methodist Church at Kokomo was held to discuss some needed repairs to the church, the men having failed to subscribe sufficient funds to pay for the work. At the suggestion of one of the women a committee waited on the proprietor of a tomato canning factory and asked him to give the women of the church employment in his factory till they could earn enough

money to pay for the repairs. The offer was accepted, and the women got out their old clothes and arranged to begin work in the plant this week. When the husbands heard of the proposed method of making the improvements on the church they entered protests, and some of them forbade their wives going further with the

This caused friction in several families and the women held another meeting and asked the advice of the Rev. Mr. Williams, the pastor. He approved their plans and thus encouraged they prepared to carry out the scheme. Some of them hesitated because of their husbands' opposition, but the majority are firm and have virtually defied their better halves.

The matter has been carried into the church proper and there is ill feeling against the pastor because of his approval of the plan. The women have notified the men of the congregation that the only condiffon on which they will consent to abandon their plans is that the necessary money be subscribed and paid at once.

Mrs. Florence Tate, Mrs. Crownover, Mrs. Laura Allbright and Mrs. Maggie Hines have been appointed to conduct the negotiations with the male members, and unless the money is forthcoming the women of the church will begin peeling tomatoes on Thursday morning

STEEL TRUST'S BOATS MOVE.

Fleet to Be Kept in Operation Despite the Great Lakes Strike.

CLEVELAND, Ohio. Sept. 21.-The plans of the United States Steel Corporation to keep its big fleet of tow barges in service despite the strike of the Masters and Pilots' Asso ciation were put into effect yesterday and the barges Malta and Two Hundred and One were started for the upper lakes There was some fear that masters of steamboats of other lines would refuse to tow barges owned by the Steel Corporation on account of the strike against that fleet The keeping in commission of the entire tow barge fleet of the Steel Corporation will mean a good deal to the company, as it will give it the services of forty-two vessels with a carrying capacity of some 150,000 tons on a single trip.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.-Two barges of the United States Steel Corporation fleet, the Fritz and the Smeaton, left South Chicago yesterday for Lake Superior in tow of the teamboat Clemson, to take on iron ore cargoes. The Clemson arrived at South Chicago late Friday night, and while in port remained at the docks of the Illinois Steel Company. As entrance to the steel plant is barred to the public, union sympathizers were unable to gain access to the steam-

A total of approximately \$5,500,000 will be the amount of wages lost by those directly employed by the Steel Corporation as the result of the tying up of its business by the strike. Should the company succeed in keeping its fleet of tow barges in service the remainder of the season this amount will be somewhat reduced. be somewhat reduced.

Great Gettysburg Bettlefield Is best seen by taking the Pennsylvania Railroad Tour to Gettysburg and Washington, leaving September 28. \$22 round trip, covering all necessary expenses from New York. One day at Gettysburg and two days in Washington.—Adv.

2,000 MILES ON HORSEBACK.

to West Point in a Test Ride. NEWBURGH, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Last night young man who had come 2,000 miles on horseback arrived here. His name is Davis He is a member of the Eighth United States Cavalry and was travelling across the country on a test ride. The Government is

making a number of these tests. Davis and eleven other members of the Eighth Cavalry left Oklahoma thirty-nine days ago, bound for West Point. They had relay horses every thirty miles of the distance, except between New York and Garrisons. The schedule for the distance and the record is forty-five days. They were allowed to eat and sleep when they liked, but were to see how quickly they could reach West Point.

Of the twelve, Davis was the first to reach his destination. He is lighter than the others who were making the trip, and when he started out he came with a rush. The result was that he led, and at each place

had his pick of horses. He reached New York at 11:20 Saturday night and started for West Point yesterday. Just before he reached Garrisons, his horse gave out and the ferry had stopped running. He reported by signal to West Point. Then he came to this place, crossed to Newburgh and went to his destination.

Davis weighed 137 pounds when he started, and last night he weighed 108 pounds. He was very tired, but happy to think he had finished first. The Government aims to test the stamins

of men and horses in a long ride, and it is said to be a suggestion of the new Commander-in-Chief. SHOT FLEEING WIFE AND SON.

a Woman Neighbor. SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 21.-Because his son was discharged from the mines, John O'Hara of Silver street, known as a "bad man," this evening engaged in a fight with his wife and eighteen-year-old son James. O'Hara ran for his shotgun and the son for a revolver. When the wife and son saw O'Hara with the gun they ran across an open field. O'Hara opened fire, sending three charges of birdshot after them. Both were injured. Some shot also entered

Bad Man O'Hara Wounds Them and Also

the chest of a neighbor, Mrs. Rhuet. The son wheeled and opened fire on his father with the revolver. O'Hara then ran into the house. A little later O'Hara sat on his own porch, a crowd collected and there were threats of lynching. O'Hara again brought out his gun and the crowd

disappeared. O'Hara was then arrested and sent to ail to await the result of his wife's injuries. Forty shot were taken from her back. Her condition is precarious. The son and Mrs. Rhuet were not badly hurt.

5,000 PEOPLE HOMELESS. Their Houses on Island of Cozumel, Off Yucatan, Destroyed by Storm.

CITY OF MEXICO, Mexico, Sept. 21 .- More than 5,000 people are homeless on the island of Cozumel, situated off the coast of Yucatan, owing to the fact that their houses were destroyed during the heavy storm that recently visited Yucatan and other coast

JEWS NEW YEAR HAS BEGUN. A Time for Prayer and Good Resolutions Is Rosh ha Shanah.

"A good holiday to you," the Jews were wishing each other all over town last night. Shops and offices were closed and the synagogues were filled, for at sunset was ushered in the Hebrew Rosh ha Shanah, at once Judgment Day and New Year. From two to three hours was passed in

prayer, and the evening meal was not begun until 9 o'clock or later. On the table of the until 9 o'clock or later. On the table of the orthodox were wine, honey and fruit, besides the usual viotuals. The wine is consecrated by a long prayer before it is drunk. The honey, into which bread is dipped, symbolizes the beginning of a year sweet

and pleasant.

Half of to-day will be spent in prayer, and the very pious will eat nothing until the afternoon meal. Married men will wear praying shawls, and aged men "kittels" made of white linen. The shofar, or ram's horn, will be blown to symbolize the great trumpet which in the millennium will call all the righteous to the Kingdom of God.

REPUBLICAN CLUB FEAST. Formal Opening of the New 11-Story Club-

house on Oct. 15. At the monthly meeting of the Republican Club last night W. M. K. Olcott reported that the club had taken title to the new clubhouse in West Fortieth street from the Library Square Realty Company. He congratulated the club upon the acquisition of its fine eleven-story building. The formal opening is set for Oct. 15, when prominent men from all over the country

will be among the orators. On Oct. 17 a ladies' reception will be given. President Louis Stern appointed Alex-ander V. Caldwell, Mr. Linn Bruce, Job E. Hedges, Magistrate Deuel and A. P. Ketchum a committee to prepare resolutions on the death of Frederick S. Gibbs. Pratt A. Brown was appointed chairman

of the campaign committee. SENATOR PLATT IS BACK. Takes a Night's Rest Before Talking

Municipal Politics. Senator Thomas C. Platt returned at 8 clock last night from his sojourn in the White Mountains. He looked fit as a fiddle, but when asked for his views on the municipal situation he replied: "Let me be excused until to-morrow."

Wanamaker Wins Political Slander Suit. PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 21.—The jury in the slander suit of Thomas Robinson against former Postmaster-General John Wanamaker this morning returned a verdict in favor of Mr. Wanamaker. The case has been on trial since last Monday. Thomas Robinson of Butler, former Superintendent of State Printing, endeavored to recover \$25,000 damages from Mr. Wanamaker in an action for slander. In 1898 Mr. Wanamaker made a number of political speeches and in one delivered at Williamstown he was charged with slandering Robinson.

Mountain Top Hotel Burned.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 21.-The historic Mountain Top Hotel, on the summit of the Blue Ridge Mountains, over the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad tunnel, was burned last night. The guests escaped with most of their belongings. The hotel was fully insured.

Latest Marine Intelligence. Arrived: Ss Kalser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen,

Ss Zulla, Curaçoa, Sept. 13.

Tour to Gettysburg and Washington. Pennsylvania Railroad Personally Conducted Fall Tour, September 26 to October 1. 122 covers all necessary expenses from New York City. Con-sult Tourist Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue, New York.

PRICE TWO CENTS. CLUES TO DEXTER'S MURDERER

HEEL MARKS FOUND WHERE HE HID BY THE ROADSIDE.

Just One Man Suspected by Dexter's Lawyer, Who Brought the Body Here Yes terday-No Expense to Be Spared to

Punish-More Assassinations Predicted The body of Orrando P. Dexter, who was ssassinated on Saturday near his house at Santa Clara, Franklin county, reached nere yesterday morning from Malone. John P. Badger, Mr. Dexter's friend and legal adviser, came with it. The funeral will be at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning

from St. Thomas's Church.

Mr. Badger went to 29 West Fifty-sixth street, where Henry Dexter, the dead man's aged father, is living. To Mr. Dexter, and later to reporters, Mr. Badger told a detailed story of the murder and just what clues to the murderer had been found. Mr. Badger said he believed the murderer would be arrested, and Mr. Dexter told him to spare no expense to find him. Mr. Badger returned to the North Woods yesterday afternoon, with Mr. Dexter's nstructions to stimulate the search in every possible way and to telegraph if the assist ance of city detectives was required. What are supposed to be heel marks made by the murderer's shoes have been found behind a pile of wood at the side of the road near Mr. Dexter's house, and a man who had been openly at odds with Mr. Dexter re-

been openly at odds with Mr. Dexter recently is under suspicion

As a preliminary to his story of the murder Mr. Badger yesterday described Mr. Dexter's place in detail. It consisted of 10,000 acres, a part being over the border in St. Lawrence county. On the place were a cottage for the men and a house in which Mr. Dexter lived. This house stands beside the lake, which is three miles long and nearly two wide. The forest around this lake, Mr. Badger said, is so well stocked with deer that they can be seen from the house, and the lake furnishes the finest fishing in the region.

in the region.
"Mr. Dexter," said Mr. Badger, "started to Santa Clara in a buggy. Santa Clara is four and a half miles east from his house. One of his men was to start five minutes after him with a wagon for freight. While this man (Bert Russell) was harnessing in the yard he heard two reports of a gun. They were so close together, he says, that they sounded almost like one shot. Mr. Dexter had then been gone not over three minutes. Three minutes after the shots were fired Russell started with the wagon on the same road. About fifty rods from the stable his horse showed signs of fear, pricking up his ears and looking of fear, pricking up his ears and looking from one side to the other. About twenty rods further on Russell came across Mr. Dexter's body. He was lying on his back in the north wheel tracks, his head toward

The spot was just seventy-eight rods from the house by actual measurement. Russell called another man from the stable, and these two men remained by the body until the Coroner came. Mr. Dexter

until the Coroner came. Mr. Dexter's horse was found some distance further on, bleeding from a wound near the tail.

"The Coroner found that the bullet before hitting Mr. Dexter had gone through the back of the carriage seat, which was of inch plank. It had gone through Mr. Dexter's body, just under the left shoulder blade, passing out just below the left breast. The same bullet then hit the horse, and has not yet been extracted. There and has not yet been extracted. There were no marks of another bullet. Mr. Dexter's watch was found a few feet away from him. There was \$34 in his pocket His cap was found thirty feet nearer the his cap was found thirty leet nearer the house, and small pocket articles were found scattered along the road, thrown out by the violence of his fall from the carriage. "Sheriff Sternberg, the Coroner and I found blood on the leaves in the road four He had been shot even nearer the house than that, because it took time for the blood to soak through the clothing. The blood to soak through the clothing. The bullet was a steel-covered one, else it would solid wood of the seat. It was of small

"The Sheriff and the Coroner did not reach Mr. Dexter's house until 9 o'clock that night, after a thirty mile drive from Malone. We held the inquest that night and continued our work the next day. We examined a woodpile about twenty rods nearer the house than the body had been. It was of cedar fence posts, ten feet been. It was of cedar fence posts, ten feet long and was about seven feet high and two feet back from the road. Behind this woodpile Sheriff Sternberg found the tracks of a man. They led from behind the of a man. They led from behind the pile into the road. The ground is covered with leaves, and we could not get the outline of the whole foot. We were able to measure only the heel. It was a wide heelprint, and was made by either a 9 or 10 shoe or boot of the heavy kind worn by the woodsmen. The tracks led into the middle of

men. The tracks led into the middle of the road and could not be traced further. "After these discoveries we formed the conclusion, which we believe to be correct, that the murderer had waited behind this woodpile and that after Mr. Dexter had passed and was about to descend a small declivity in the road the man stepped out, as his tracks showed, walked toward the as his tracks showed, walked toward the middle of the road and fired twice at Mr. Dexter's retreating figure. From the position of the first bloodstains we should judge the shot was fired at a distance of less than fifteen rods, which is nothing for the rifle shots of those parts.

"That the murderer must have known of Mr. Dexter's intention to start out we think is certain, although how he know

think is certain, although how he knew we don't know. It was Mr. Dexter's cus-tom to drive to Santa Clara several times a week, and generally in the morning. The house could be seen from the woodpile, as the woods are very open fust there. Where the man went after murdering Mr. Dexter we don't know. The woods did not offer a very good hiding place. Nobody has been found who saw any stranger in the neighborhood.

"The motive for the crime was un-

"The motive for the crime was undoubtedly levenge, but, contrary to the reports, Mr. Dexter was not hated generally nor was he the victim of what might be called a feud. The only motive we can hit on is furnished in a recent purchase of Mr. Dexter's, and not by the litigation which has been referred to nor among the woodsmen whom Mr. Dexter had prosecuted. This land, which Mr. Dexter had prosecuted. This land, which Mr. Dexter had purchased recently, is over the line and is in the town of Hopkinton, St. Lawrence county Through it runs a stream of water, which has been used for a long time by the natives to float pulpwood to the mills below. Mr. Dexter was not inclined to allow this use of the stream after he bought the ground, and considerable animosity was manifested toward him by one man. I might even say that this feeling was one of intense hostility. That's as far as I care to go on that line just now, however. Mr. Dexter never expected any harm to happen to him and never was threatened. He always went unarmed, and his revolver was found on his bureau on the day he was shot."

Mr. Badger denied with a great deal of

on the day he was shot."
Mr. Badger denied with a great deal of emphasis that Mr. Dexter had been in continual litigation and the report that he was of a quarrelsome disposition. "While thual litigation and the report that he was of a quarrelsome disposition. "While he had some asperities," said Mr. Badger, "which by a man who did not know him would not be readily understood, he was very good-hearted and as good a man as there was in that region."

Mr. Badger said that the only litigation pending at the time of Mr. Dexter's death was not connected with the woodsmen, and that the parties in interest live in this

and that the parties in interest live in this city. Mr. Dexter, Mr. Badger said, did not prosecute every man found on his land, and there was only one instance where he had taken such a case to court. That was when he charged a man with setting fires